

**By the Judgment of 12<sup>th</sup> March, 2015 No. 4-II/2015 the Constitutional Court gave appraisal of constitutionality of the provisions of Section 4 of Article 25<sup>10</sup> of the Federal Law “On Procedure for Exit from the Russian Federation and Entry into the Russian Federation”, Sub-Item 13 of Item 1 of Article 7 of the Federal Law “On Legal Status of Foreign Citizens in the Russian Federation” and Item 2 of Article 11 of the Federal Law “On Prevention of Spreading in the Russian Federation of the Disease Caused by Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV-infection)”**

The contested normative provisions were the subject-matter of consideration insofar as on their basis decisions are adopted in respect of foreign citizens and stateless persons suffering from HIV-infection, whose family members permanently reside on the territory of the Russian Federation (hereinafter referred to as “the indicated category of persons”), on undesirability of their temporary residence in the Russian Federation, on refusal to issue or on annulment of temporary residence permit issued earlier and on their deportation from the Russian Federation.

The Constitutional Court recognized the contested provisions as not conforming to the Constitution of the Russian Federation to the extent to which they allow to adopt in respect of the indicated category of citizens decisions on undesirability of their residence in the Russian Federation and on their deportation or on renunciation of entry of such persons into the Russian Federation, of giving them permit for temporary residence in the Russian Federation or on annulment of the permit issued earlier exclusively on the basis of the fact of presence of HIV-infection on such persons, in the absence both of breach by them of requirements established by the legislation with regard to HIV-infected persons and aimed at prevention of further spreading of this disease and other circumstances testifying to the need of application of similar restrictions to these persons.