

**By the Judgement of 11 April 2019 No. 17-II the Constitutional Court appraised constitutionality of Article 129, Article 133, Sections 1 and 3, Article 133.1, Sections 1-4 and 11 of the Labour Code of the Russian Federation.**

The contested provisions define the basic concepts used in the regulation of wages, the procedure and conditions for the establishment of the minimum wage (in particular, the requirement that the wage of an employee who has fully completed the working time norm for a certain period and fulfilled the labour standards (labour obligations) cannot be lower than the minimum wage), and also specify the procedure for determining the minimum wage in the subject of the Russian Federation.

The Constitutional Court has recognised the contested provision as not contradicting to the Constitution of the Russian Federation since they do not imply the inclusion in the salary (part of the salary) of the employee not exceeding the minimum wage increased payments for overtime, night work, weekends and non-working public holidays.